

SAFETY DATA SHEET

ASTARI VIVEDUR SOLVENT BASED

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking 1.1. Product identifier ASTARI VIVEDUR SOLVENT BASED **Product name** . 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Product use** ÷ Product for surface preparation of buildings surfaces. Use in accordance with directions on the product label. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet VIVECHROM, Thesi Vathi Pigadi, 196 00 Mandra Attikis, Greece, Tel. +30 210 5538700, Fax. +30 210 5550464, www.vivechrom.gr e-mail address of person : HSE.GR@akzonobel.com responsible for this SDS 1.4 Emergency telephone number **Telephone number** : Emergency phone number of the Company Tel. +30(210) 5538700 (24 Hours/day, every day) & 801 11 55600 (8:00 - 16:00) Official advisory body (Greece) Tel. +30 (210) 7793 777, (24 Hours/day, every day) Version : 13.03 11-3-2021 Date of previous issue **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity	: 0%
Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity	: 0%

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6-1-2022

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	 P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	 P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Storage	: P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics		≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Hydrocarbons,C9,aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
Date of issue/Date of revision :	 6-1-2022		 Pa	 age: 2/

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥10 - ≤20	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

ASTARI VIVEDUR SOLVENT BASED

SECTION 4: First aid measures

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising f	m the substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.	
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.
	Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection
	Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
	When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific

: Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredier	nt name	Exposure limit values
		Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs (Greece, 2/2012). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-methoxy-2-propanol		Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs (Greece, 2/2012). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1080 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or of the ventilatic protective equi the following: I the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atr for the measure	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
DNELs/DMELs No DNELs/DMELs available		
PNECs No PNECs available		
8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	achieved by the these are not s	ate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be e use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If ufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measured	res	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate teo Wash contamir	prearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. chniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. nated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection	: Use safety eye	wear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Gloves	class of 6 (brea Recommended When only brie (breakthrough Recommended	ed or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection akthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. I gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm. of contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. I gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm. be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove
		ce or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical por maintenance.
Body protection		uld wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- sistant synthetic fibres.
Data of issue/Data of revision		Pagas 6/12

SECTION 8: Ex	posure controls/	personal	protection
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Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be
	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
	OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the ag of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. The is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.
	Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN14 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)
	The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice shoul be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.
	Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based pain because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be take with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.
	Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surface over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Colour	: Various: See label.			
Odour	: Not available.			
Odour threshold	: Not available.			
рН	: Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 120°C			

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Flash point	1	Closed cup: 36°C
Evaporation rate	;	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1,135
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 0,44 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 0,51 cm²/s
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	1	Not available.
9.2. Other information		
Solubility in water	;	Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

		_
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		ducts may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, noke, oxides of nitrogen.
10.5 Incompatible materials		e following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: trong alkalis, strong acids.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	hen exposed to l oducts.	high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	nder normal conc	litions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.2 Chemical stability	able under recor	nmended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.1 Reactivity	o specific test da	ta related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	>1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Mouse Rat	>5000 mg/kg 9000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 500 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)					

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Hydrocarbons,C9,aromatics	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons,C9,aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1,2	-	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	1	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	:	Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Type of packaging CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	European waste catalogue (EWC) packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
Special precautions	taken when Empty conta residues ma container. E thoroughly ir	Il and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. iners or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product y create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with ays, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

	ADR	IMDG			
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263			
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT			
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Class	3	3			
Subsidiary class	-	-			
14.4 Packing group		III			
14.5 Environmental hazards Marine pollutant	No.	No.			
Marine pollutant substances		Not available.			
14.6 Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.				
HI/Kemler number Emergency schedules (EmS)	30	F-E, S-E			
14.7 Transport in bulk : Not applicable. according to IMO instruments					
Additional information	<u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	-			

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

CEPE code

: 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

SECTION 16: Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification according	g to Regul	ation (EC) No	. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
Data of printing	: 7-1-2022	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Date of printing	. 7-1-2022	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 6-1-2022	
Date of previous issue	: 11-3-2021	
Version	: 13.03	

Notice to reader

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